Under-Graduate Programme Allied Mathematics Courses (Computer Science / Computer Applications)

Courses of Study, Schemes of Examinations & Syllabi

(Choice Based Credit System)



THE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS (DST – FIST sponsored)

**BISHOP HEBER COLLEGE (Autonomous)** 

( Reaccredited with 'A' Grade (CGPA – 3.58/4.0) by the NAAC & Identified as College of Excellence by the UGC)

> DST – FIST Sponsored College & DBT Star College TIRUCHIRAPPALLI – 620 017 TAMIL NADU, INDIA

> > 2020 - 2021

## Allied Mathematics Courses offered to students of

# Under Graduate Programme in Computer Science/Computer Applications

(For the candidates admitted from the year 2020 onwards)

Sem.	Course	Code	Title	Hrs./week	Credits	Marks		
						CIA	ESA	TOTAL
I	I	U20MAZ11	Operations Research	5	4	25	75	100
II		U20MAZ22	Numerical Methods	4	4	25	75	100
II	≡	U20MAZ23	Probability & Statistics	4	4	25	75	100

## Allied Course I – Operations Research

Sem. I

#### Total Hrs. 75

Code : U20MAZ11

Credits: 4

### General objectives:

On completion of this course, the learner will

- 1. Be able to understand Linear Programming Problems (LPP) and to know methods of solving them
- 2. Be able to apply LPP to solve transportation and assignment problems.
- 3. Know the basics and the methods of solving network problems.
- 4. Know the basics of inventory models and to solve inventory problems.

## Learning outcome:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to analyze and solve Linear Programming Problems, Transportation Problems, Assignment Problems & network problems.

## Unit I

Introduction to Operations Research – Linear programming problem - Introduction – General model of the LPP – Characteristics of an LPP – Assumptions of Linear Programming – Formulation of an LPP- Standard Form of an LPP - Solution to an LPP – Types of possible solutions to an LPP – Convex set and Extreme points - Graphical solution to an LPP - Simplex methods.

## Unit II

Big–M method – Two phase method.

## Unit III

Transportation Problem – Introduction – Conversion of a TP into an LPP Form – Formulation of a Transportation Problem - Concepts of Basicness, and Degeneracy in the solution – Methods used to find the solution to a Transportation Problem– Description of various methods to find the Initial Basic Feasible Solution - Stepping Stone Method/ Modified Distributive Method.

### Unit IV

Assignment Problem – Introduction – General Model of the Assignment Problem – Conversion into an Equivalent LPP – Solution to the Assignment Problem.

## Unit V

PERT - CPM - Introduction – Method for Construction of a Network – Numbering the nodes – Critical Path Method (CPM) – Project Evaluation Review Technique (PERT).

## Text book

P Mariappan, Operations Research An Introduction, Pearson New Delhi, 2013

Unit I: Chapter 1, Chapter 2: 2.1 - 2.11Unit II: Chapter 2: 2.12 - 2.13Unit III: Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.7Unit IV: Chapter 5: 5.1 - 5.4Unit V: Chapter 6: 6.1 - 6.5

## References

- 1. Hamdy A., Taha, Operations Research, Keerthi Publishing House, 1997.
- 2. S. Dharani Venkatakrishnan, Operations Research, Keerthi Publishing House, 1997.
- 3. S. D. Sharma Kedarnath, Operations Research, Ramnath Publishers and Co., Meerut 1997.
- 4. M. P. Gupta, J. K. Sharma, Operations Research for Management, National Publishing House, 1992.

### Allied Course II –Numerical Methods

Sem. II

Total Hrs. 60

Code : U20MAZ22

Credits: 4

## General objectives:

On completion of this course, the learner will

- 1. know and apply different numerical techniques to solve algebraic and differential equations.
- 2. know methods of finding approximate values for definite integrals.

## Learning outcome:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to solve algebraic, differential and integral equations numerically.

## Unit I

Introduction to Numerical Analysis-Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations – Bisection method – Iterative method – Regula Falsi method – Newton Raphson Method.

## Unit II

Linear System of Equations - Gauss Elimination method – Iterative methods – Gauss Seidel method.

## Unit III

Interpolation – Gregory Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae – Lagrange's interpolation formula.

## Unit IV

Numerical Integration – Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third rule.

## Unit V

Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations – Euler's method — Runge- Kutta 2<sup>nd</sup> order – Runge-Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> order (Problems only)

## Text Book

Dr Perumal Mariappan, Numerical Methods for Scientific Solutions, New Century Book House, Pvt.Ltd, Chennai

Unit I: Chapter 1: 1.1, 1.2; Chapter 2: 2.1 – 2.5 Unit II: Chapter 3: 3.1, 3.3 - 3.6 Unit III: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.5 Unit IV: Chapter 7: 7.4, 7.4.1, 7.4.2. Unit V: Chapter 6: 6.1, 6.4, 6.5

#### Reference

S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 2005.

## Allied Course III - Probability & Statistics

Sem. II

Total Hrs. 60

Code : U20MAZ23

Credits: 4

#### General objectives:

On completion of this course, the learner will

- 1. Know methods of calculation of measures of central tendency and measures dispersion of a data.
- 2. Know methods of finding correlation and regression co-efficient between two data sets and their applications.
- 3. Know the properties of some discrete and continuous distributions.

#### Learning outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student will be able

- 1. to analyze discrete and continuous data through measures of central tendency and measures of dispersions.
- 2. to find correlation and regression co-efficient between two data sets.
- 3. calculate the probability for any event and use it to estimate certain possibilities.

#### Unit I

Range-The mean deviation-The standard deviation- difference between mean and standard deviation-calculation of standard deviation of variation.

#### Unit II

Skewness - (without derivations) - measure of skewness based on moments- kurtosis- measures of kurtosis.

#### Unit III

Correlation: Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation - Spearman's rank correlation coefficient (formula alone)- correlation coefficient-Regression -regression equations of Y on X – regression equations of X on Y.

#### Unit IV

Classical or a priori probability-axiomatic approach to probability- calculation of probability-Theorems of probability-conditional probability- Baye's theorem - Mathematical expectation - Random variable and probability distribution.

#### Unit V

Binomial distribution- Poisson Distribution-definition- relation between Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution-properties of normal distribution- Area under the Normal curve.

## Text Book:

Perumal Mariappan, Statistics for Business, 1st Edition, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton London Newyork, 2019 Unit I: Chapter 5 Unit II: Chapter 6 Unit III: Chapter 7 Unit IV: Chapter 8: 8.3 – 8.4; Chapter 9 Unit V: Chapter 10: 10.2, 10.3 Chapter 11: 11.2, 11.3 11.4

#### Reference

S.C.Gupta and V.K.Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons, fourteenth edition, (2004).